

# A Hybrid Test for Mathematics; Harry Aarts

## Introduction

Nowadays electronic testing packages offer excellent opportunities for students for practicing mathematics. However, traditionally mathematics exams still consist of merely open exercises.

## Question

To what extent can traditional summative mathematics tests be transformed into digital tests, without harming validity and reliability?

## Solution

Compose a hybrid test containing both open (pen and paper) and closed (final answer) exercises.

## Examples of traditional exercises:

1. [4 pt]  
Compute the following integral by reversing the order of integration.

$$\int_0^1 \int_{\sqrt{y}}^1 \sqrt{x^3 + 1} \, dx dy$$

6. [6 pt]  
The solution to this exercise must be clearly written down on a separate sheet (including calculations and argumentation)!

The function  $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is given by:  $f(x, y) = x^2 y$ .  
Use the method of Lagrange Multipliers to find the maximum value and the minimum value of  $f$  subject to  $x^2 + 2y^2 = 6$ .

## Examples of exercises in closed form:

2. [3 pt]  
Let  $f(x, y) = f(x(u, v), y(u, v))$  and  $x(u, v)$  and  $y(u, v)$  be differentiable functions. Use Tables 1 and 2 to determine  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial v}(u, v)$  in  $(u, v) = (1, 2)$ .

$(x, y)$	(0,0)	(1,2)	(3,0)
$f(x, y)$	1	6	-2
$f_x(x, y)$	-1	3	-5
$f_y(x, y)$	-2	8	9

Table 1

$(u, v)$	(0,0)	(1,2)	(3,0)
$x(u, v)$	-2	3	7
$y(u, v)$	6	0	3
$x_u(u, v)$	1	2	6
$x_v(u, v)$	0	4	1
$y_u(u, v)$	3	-4	2
$y_v(u, v)$	0	5	-3

Table 2

Choose from the alternatives below and fill in your answer on the answer sheet:

(a) 31    (b) -21    (c) 0    (d) 25  
(e) 58    (f) -32    (g) 52    (h) 26

7. [1 pt]  
Choose, from the eight figures below, the correct sketch of the region of integration of the following integral.

$$\int_{-1}^2 \int_{-y}^{y^2+1} x \, dx dy$$

9. [3 pt]  
Consider the following integral.

$$\int_0^4 \int_{\frac{1}{2}x-1}^{1+\sqrt{x}} xy^2 \, dy dx$$

The region of integration is depicted in Figure 1.

Figure 1: Exercise 9: Region of integration

Change the order of integration of this integral. Choose the right expression below: either (a) or (b). Then determine the correct limits of integration and the integrand(s): either  $a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4$  and  $f_1(x, y)$ , or  $b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4, c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4$  and  $f_2(x, y), f_3(x, y)$ .

(a)  $\int_{a_1}^{a_2} \int_{a_3}^{a_4} f_1(x, y) \, dx dy$   
(b)  $\int_{b_1}^{b_2} \int_{b_3}^{b_4} f_2(x, y) \, dx dy + \int_{c_1}^{c_2} \int_{c_3}^{c_4} f_3(x, y) \, dx dy$

## Results:

Pass rate: 76.5 %  
(comparable to traditional tests)

Item	Max Score	P	C	$\alpha$
1	2	0.62	0.259	0.654
2	3	0.26	0.115	0.679
3	2	0.39	0.218	0.657
4	2	0.60	0.195	0.660
5	3	0.78	0.316	0.644
6	6	0.62	0.457	0.614
7	1	0.82	0.257	0.659
8	2	0.87	0.278	0.652
9	3	0.68	0.392	0.630
10	6	0.65	0.542	0.604
11a	1	0.78	0.313	0.655
11b	2	0.63	0.293	0.647
12	3	0.49	0.455	0.625

## Lessons learned:

- No complex exercises in closed form.
- Provide students with sufficient representative practicing material.
- Not all educational targets are suitable to be tested with closed exercises.
- The test package itself might have unexpected technical restrictions as well.

## Follow up:

Extension hybrid tests to other mathematics courses.